

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**International Trade Administration****Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews**

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (“the Department”) has received requests to conduct administrative reviews of various antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings with December anniversary dates. In accordance with the Department’s regulations, we are initiating those administrative reviews.

DATES: *Effective Date:* February 4, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Brenda E. Waters, Office of AD/CVD Operations, Customs Liaison Unit, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230, telephone: (202) 482-4735.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Background**

The Department has received timely requests, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.213(b), for administrative reviews of various antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings with December anniversary dates.

All deadlines for the submission of various types of information, certifications, or comments or actions by the Department discussed below refer to the number of calendar days from the applicable starting time.

Notice of No Sales

If a producer or exporter named in this notice of initiation had no exports, sales, or entries during the period of review (“POR”), it must notify the Department within 60 days of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. All submissions must be filed electronically at <http://access.trade.gov> in accordance with 19 CFR 351.303.¹ Such submissions are subject to verification in accordance with section 782(i) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (“the Act”). Further, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.303(f)(1)(i), a copy must be served on every party on the Department’s service list.

¹ See *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Electronic Filing Procedures; Administrative Protective Order Procedures*, 76 FR 39263 (July 6, 2011).

Respondent Selection

In the event the Department limits the number of respondents for individual examination for administrative reviews, the Department intends to select respondents based on U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”) data for U.S. imports during the POR. We intend to release the CBP data under Administrative Protective Order (“APO”) to all parties having an APO within seven days of publication of this initiation notice and to make our decision regarding respondent selection within 21 days of publication of this **Federal Register** notice. The Department invites comments regarding the CBP data and respondent selection within five days of placement of the CBP data on the record of the applicable review. Rebuttal comments will be due five days after submission of initial comments.

In the event the Department decides it is necessary to limit individual examination of respondents and conduct respondent selection under section 777A(c)(2) of the Act:

In general, the Department has found that determinations concerning whether particular companies should be “collapsed” (*i.e.*, treated as a single entity for purposes of calculating antidumping duty rates) require a substantial amount of detailed information and analysis, which often require follow-up questions and analysis. Accordingly, the Department will not conduct collapsing analyses at the respondent selection phase of this review and will not collapse companies at the respondent selection phase unless there has been a determination to collapse certain companies in a previous segment of this antidumping proceeding (*i.e.*, investigation, administrative review, new shipper review or changed circumstances review). For any company subject to this review, if the Department determined, or continued to treat, that company as collapsed with others, the Department will assume that such companies continue to operate in the same manner and will collapse them for respondent selection purposes. Otherwise, the Department will not collapse companies for purposes of respondent selection. Parties are requested to (a) identify which companies subject to review previously were collapsed, and (b) provide a citation to the proceeding in which they were collapsed. Further, if companies are requested to complete the Quantity and Value (“Q&V”) Questionnaire for purposes of respondent selection, in general each company must report volume and value

data separately for itself. Parties should not include data for any other party, even if they believe they should be treated as a single entity with that other party. If a company was collapsed with another company or companies in the most recently completed segment of this proceeding where the Department considered collapsing that entity, complete Q&V data for that collapsed entity must be submitted.

Respondent Selection—Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Cells, Whether or Not Assembled Into Modules, From the PRC

In the event the Department limits the number of respondents for individual examination in the administrative review of the antidumping duty order on solar cells and modules from the PRC, the Department intends to select respondents based on volume data contained in responses to Q&V questionnaires. Further, the Department intends to limit the number of Q&V questionnaires issued in the review based on CBP data for U.S. imports of solar cells and solar modules from the PRC. The units used to measure the imported quantities of solar cells and solar modules are “number”; however, it would not be meaningful to sum the number of imported solar cells and the number of imported solar modules in attempting to determine the largest PRC exporters of subject merchandise by volume. Therefore, the Department will limit the number of Q&V questionnaires issued based on the import values in CBP data which will serve as a proxy for imported quantities. Parties subject to the review to which the Department does not send a Q&V questionnaire may file a response to the Q&V questionnaire by the applicable deadline if they desire to be included in the pool of companies from which the Department will select mandatory respondents. The Q&V questionnaire will be available on the Department’s Web site at <http://trade.gov/enforcement/news.asp> on the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. The responses to the Q&V questionnaire must be received by the Department by February 19, 2015. Please be advised that due to the time constraints imposed by the statutory and regulatory deadlines for antidumping duty administrative reviews, the Department does not intend to grant any extensions for the submission of responses to the Q&V questionnaire. Parties will be given the opportunity to comment on the CBP data used by the Department to limit the number of Q&V questionnaires issued. We intend to release the CBP data under APO to all parties having an APO

within seven days of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**. The Department invites comments regarding CBP data and respondent selection within five days of placement of the CBP data on the record.

Deadline for Withdrawal of Request for Administrative Review

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1), a party that has requested a review may withdraw that request within 90 days of the date of publication of the notice of initiation of the requested review. The regulation provides that the Department may extend this time if it is reasonable to do so. In order to provide parties additional certainty with respect to when the Department will exercise its discretion to extend this 90-day deadline, interested parties are advised that the Department does not intend to extend the 90-day deadline unless the requestor demonstrates that an extraordinary circumstance has prevented it from submitting a timely withdrawal request. Determinations by the Department to extend the 90-day deadline will be made on a case-by-case basis.

Separate Rates

In proceedings involving non-market economy (“NME”) countries, the Department begins with a rebuttable presumption that all companies within the country are subject to government control and, thus, should be assigned a single antidumping duty deposit rate. It is the Department’s policy to assign all exporters of merchandise subject to an administrative review in an NME country this single rate unless an exporter can demonstrate that it is sufficiently independent so as to be entitled to a separate rate.

To establish whether a firm is sufficiently independent from government control of its export activities to be entitled to a separate rate, the Department analyzes each entity exporting the subject

merchandise under a test arising from the *Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Sparklers from the People’s Republic of China*, 56 FR 20588 (May 6, 1991), as amplified by *Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Silicon Carbide from the People’s Republic of China*, 59 FR 22585 (May 2, 1994). In accordance with the separate rates criteria, the Department assigns separate rates to companies in NME cases only if respondents can demonstrate the absence of both *de jure* and *de facto* government control over export activities.

All firms listed below that wish to qualify for separate rate status in the administrative reviews involving NME countries must complete, as appropriate, either a separate rate application or certification, as described below. For these administrative reviews, in order to demonstrate separate rate eligibility, the Department requires entities for whom a review was requested, that were assigned a separate rate in the most recent segment of this proceeding in which they participated, to certify that they continue to meet the criteria for obtaining a separate rate. The Separate Rate Certification form will be available on the Department’s Web site at <http://enforcement.trade.gov/nme/nme-sep-rate.html> on the date of publication of this **Federal Register** notice. In responding to the certification, please follow the “Instructions for Filing the Certification” in the Separate Rate Certification. Separate Rate Certifications are due to the Department no later than 60 calendar days after publication of this **Federal Register** notice. The deadline and requirement for submitting a Certification applies equally to NME-owned firms, wholly foreign-owned firms, and foreign sellers who purchase and export subject merchandise to the United States.

Entities that currently do not have a separate rate from a completed segment of the proceeding² should timely file a

Separate Rate Application to demonstrate eligibility for a separate rate in this proceeding. In addition, companies that received a separate rate in a completed segment of the proceeding that have subsequently made changes, including, but not limited to, changes to corporate structure, acquisitions of new companies or facilities, or changes to their official company name,³ should timely file a Separate Rate Application to demonstrate eligibility for a separate rate in this proceeding. The Separate Rate Status Application will be available on the Department’s Web site at <http://enforcement.trade.gov/nme/nme-sep-rate.html> on the date of publication of this **Federal Register** notice. In responding to the Separate Rate Status Application, refer to the instructions contained in the application. Separate Rate Status Applications are due to the Department no later than 60 calendar days of publication of this **Federal Register** notice. The deadline and requirement for submitting a Separate Rate Status Application applies equally to NME-owned firms, wholly foreign-owned firms, and foreign sellers that purchase and export subject merchandise to the United States.

For exporters and producers who submit a separate-rate status application or certification and subsequently are selected as mandatory respondents, these exporters and producers will no longer be eligible for separate rate status unless they respond to all parts of the questionnaire as mandatory respondents.

Initiation of Reviews

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i), we are initiating administrative reviews of the following antidumping and countervailing duty orders and findings. We intend to issue the final results of these reviews not later than December 31, 2015.

	Period to be reviewed
Antidumping Duty Proceedings	
INDIA: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products, A–533–820	12/1/13–11/30/14
Ispat Industries Ltd.	
JSW ISPAT Steel Ltd.	
JSW Steel Ltd.	
Tata Steel Ltd.	
REPUBLIC OF KOREA: Welded ASTM A–312 Stainless Pipe, A–580–810	12/1/13–11/30/14
SeAH Steel Corporation.	
LS Metal.	

² Such entities include entities that have not participated in the proceeding, entities that were preliminarily granted a separate rate in any currently incomplete segment of the proceeding (e.g., an ongoing administrative review, new

shipper review, etc.) and entities that lost their separate rate in the most recently completed segment of the proceeding in which they participated.

³ Only changes to the official company name, rather than trade names, need to be addressed via a Separate Rate Application. Information regarding new trade names may be submitted via a Separate Rate Certification.

	Period to be reviewed
TAIWAN: Steel Wire Garment Hangers, A-583-849 C & T International Group Ltd. Chaang Rong Industry Co., Ltd. Charles Enterprise Co., Ltd. Damco Taiwan Co., Ltd. Faithful Engineering Products Co., Ltd. For You Beautiful Industrial Co. Ltd. Gee Ten Enterprise Co. Ltd. Global Sources Enterprise Co., Ltd. Golden Canyon Limited. Golden Sources Enterprise Co., Ltd. Good Wonder Ltd. Hung-Li Die Co., Ltd. Inmall Enterprises Co., Ltd. Intini Co., Ltd. Mico Mit Co., Ltd. Mindful Life and Coaching Co., Ltd. Multi-Sander Tech Co., Ltd. Nan Shan International Co., Ltd (a/k/a Nanshan International Co., Ltd). Ocean Concept Corporation. Oriental Dragon Co., Ltd. Richlife Texcare Co. Ltd. Saint Master Corp. South Crown Ltd. Taiwan Hanger Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Tay Ruey Enterprise Co. Thinkwide Trading Ltd. Tone World International Corp., B.V. Top Harvest Metal Co., Ltd. Yeh (Cayman) Intl Business. Young Max Enterprises Co. Ltd.	12/1/13-11/30/14
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Cells, Whether or Not Assembled Into Modules, A-570-979 Baoding Jiasheng Photovoltaic Technology Co., Ltd. Baoding Tianwei Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Beijing Tianneng Yingli New Energy Resources Co. Ltd. BYD (Shangluo) Industrial Co., Ltd. Canadian Solar Inc. Canadian Solar International Limited. Canadian Solar Manufacturing (Changshu) Inc. Canadian Solar Manufacturing (Luoyang) Inc. Changzhou NESL Solartech Co., Ltd. Changzhou Trina Solar Energy Co., Ltd and Trina Solar (Changzhou) Science & Technology Co., Ltd. CSG PVTech Co., Ltd. Delsolar Co., Ltd. Dongfang Electric (Yixing) MAGI Solar Power Technology Co., Ltd. Dongguan Sunworth Solar Energy Co., Ltd. ERA Solar Co., Ltd. ET Solar Energy Limited. ET Solar Industry Limited. Hainan Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Hengdian Group DMEGC Magnetics Co., Ltd. Hengshui Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Himin Clean Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. Innovosolar. JA Solar Technology Yangzhou Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Green Power PV Co., Ltd. Jiangsu High Hope Int'l Group. Jiangsu Sunlink PV Technology Co., Ltd. Jiawei Solarchina Co., Ltd. JingAo Solar Co., Ltd. Jinko Solar Co., Ltd. Jinko Solar Import and Export Co., Ltd. JinkoSolar International Limited. Konca Solar Cell Co., Ltd. Kuttler Automation Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. LDK Solar Hi-tech (Nanchang) Co., Ltd. LDK Solar Hi-tech (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Leye Photovoltaic Science Tech. Lixian Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Luoyang Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Magi Solar Technology. Motech (Suzhou) Renewable Energy Co., Ltd. MS Solar Investments LLC.	12/1/13-11/30/14

	Period to be reviewed
<p>Ningbo ETDZ Holdings, Ltd. Ningbo Qixin Solar Electrical Appliance Co., Ltd. Ningbo Ulica Solar Science & Technology Co., Ltd. Perlight Solar Co., Ltd. ReneSola Jiangsu Ltd. Renesola Zhejiang Ltd. Shanghai BYD Co., Ltd. Shanghai JA Solar Technology Co., Ltd. Shenglong PV-Tech. Shenzhen Glory Industries Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Topray Solar Co., Ltd. ShunFeng PV. Solarbest Energy-Tech (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd. Sopray Energy Co., Ltd. Sumec Hardware & Tools Co., Ltd. Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Suzhou Shenglong PV-Tech Co., Ltd. tenKsolar (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Tianjin Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Tianwei New Energy (Chengdu) PV Module Co., Ltd. Upsolar Group Co., Ltd. Wanxiang Import & Export Co., Ltd. Wuxi Sunshine Power Co., Ltd. Wuxi Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Yangzhou Rietech Renewal Energy Co., Ltd. Yangzhou Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Yingli Energy (China) Co., Ltd. Yingli Green Energy Americas, Inc. Yingli Green Energy Holding Co., Ltd. Yingli Green Energy International Trading Company Limited. Zhejiang Jiutai New Energy Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Shuqimeng Photovoltaic Technology Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Xinshun Guangfu Science and Technology Co., Ltd. Zhejiang ZG-Cells Co., Ltd. Zhenjiang Rietech New Energy Science & Technology Co., Ltd. Zhiheng Solar Inc.</p>	
<p>THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Hand Trucks and Parts Thereof, A-570-891</p> <p>Huzhou Shengli Industry Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Jam (Su Zhou) Metal Manufacturing Co, Ltd. Positec (Macao Commercial Offshore), Ltd.</p>	12/1/13-11/30/14
<p>THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Honey, A-570-863</p> <p>Dongtai Peak Honey Industry Co., Ltd. Kunshan Xinlong Food Co., Ltd. Lee Hoong Kee Ltd.</p>	12/1/13-11/30/14
<p>THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Multilayered Wood Flooring, A-570-970</p> <p>A&W (Shanghai) Woods Co., Ltd. Anhui Longhua Bamboo Product Co., Ltd. Anhui Suzhou Dongda Wood Co., Ltd. Armstrong Wood Products (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Baishan Huafeng Wood Product Co., Ltd. Baiying Furniture Manufacturer Co., Ltd. Benxi Wood Company. Changbai Mountain Development and Protection Zone Hongtu Wood Industrial Co., Ltd. Changzhou Hawd Flooring Co., Ltd. Cheng Hang Wood Co., Ltd. Chinafloors Timber (China) Co., Ltd. Dalian Huade Wood Product Co., Ltd. Dalian Huilong Wooden Products Co., Ltd. Dalian Jiuyuan Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dalian Kemian Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dalian Penghong Floor Products Co., Ltd. Dalian Shumaikie Floor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Dalian T-Boom Wood Products Co., Ltd. Dalian Xinjinghua Wood Co., Ltd. Dasso Industrial Group Co., Ltd. Dongtai Fuan Universal Dynamics, LLC. Dun Hua City Jisen Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dun Hua Sen Tai Wood Co., Ltd. Dunhua City Dexin Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dunhua City Hongyuan Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dunhua City Wanrong Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dunhua Shengda Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Fine Furniture (Shanghai) Limited.</p>	12/1/13-11/30/14

	Period to be reviewed
<p> Fu Lik Timber (HK) Co., Ltd. Fusong Jinlong Wooden Group Co., Ltd. Fusong Qianqiu Wooden Product Co., Ltd. GTP International Ltd. Guangdong Yihua Timber Industry Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Homebon Timber Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Panyu Kangda Board Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Panyu Southern Star Co., Ltd. HaiLin LinJing Wooden Products, Ltd. HaiLin XinCheng Wooden Products, Ltd. Hangzhou Dazhuang Floor Co., Ltd (dba Dasso Industrial Group Co., Ltd). Hangzhou Hanje Tec Co., Ltd. Hangzhou Zhengtian Industrial Co., Ltd. Henan Xingwangjia Technology Co., Ltd. Hunchun Forest Wolf Wooden Industry Co., Ltd. Hunchun Xingjia Wooden Flooring Inc. Huzhou Chenghang Wood Co., Ltd. Huzhou Fulinmen Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd. Huzhou Fuma Wood Co., Ltd. Huzhou Jesonwood Co., Ltd. Huzhou Ruifeng Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd. Huzhou Sunergy World Trade Co., Ltd. Jiafeng Wood (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Guyu International Trading Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Mingle Flooring Co. Jiangsu Senmao Bamboo and Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Simba Flooring Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Yuhui International Trade Co., Ltd. Jiashan HuiJiaLe Decoration Material Co., Ltd. Jiaxing Hengtong Wood Co., Ltd. Jilin Forest Industry Jinqiao Flooring Group Co., Ltd. Jilin Xinyuan Wooden Industry Co., Ltd. Karly Wood Product Limited. Kemian Wood Industry (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Les Planchers Mercier, Inc. Linyi Anying Wood Co., Ltd. Linyi Bonn Flooring Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Linyi Youyou Wood Co., Ltd u. MuDanJiang Bosen Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Nakahiro Jyou Sei Furniture (Dalian) Co., Ltd. Nanjing Minglin Wooden Industry Co., Ltd. Ningbo Tianyi Bamboo & Wood Products Co., Ltd. Pinge Timber Manufacturing (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd. Power Dekor Group Co., Ltd. Puli Trading Limited. Qingdao Barry Flooring Co., Ltd. Shanghai Anxin (Weiguang) Timber Co., Ltd. Shanghai Eswell Timber Co., Ltd. Shanghai Lairunde Wood Co., Ltd. Shanghai Lizhong Wood Products Co., Ltd/The Lizhong Wood Industry Limited Company of Shanghai. Shanghai New Sihe Wood Co., Ltd. Shanghai Shenlin Corporation. Shenyang Haobainian Wooden Co., Ltd. Shenyang Senwang Wooden Industry Co., Ltd. Shenzhenshi Huanwei Woods Co., Ltd. Sino-Maple (JiangSu) Co., Ltd. Suzhou Dongda Wood Co., Ltd. Tongxiang Jisheng Import and Export Co., Ltd. Vicwood Industry (Suzhou) Co. Ltd. Xiamen Yung De Ornament Co., Ltd. Xuzhou Antop International Trade Co., Ltd. Xuzhou Shenghe Wood Co., Ltd. Yekalon Industry, Inc. Yingyi-Nature (Kunshan) Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Yixing Lion-King Timber Industry Co., Ltd. Zhejiang AnJi XinFeng Bamboo & Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Biyork Wood Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Dadongwu Green Home Wood Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Desheng Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Fudeli Timber Industry Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Fuerjia Wooden Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Fuma Warm Technology Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Haoyun Wooden Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Longsen Lumbering Co., Ltd. </p>	

	Period to be reviewed
<p>Zhejiang Shiyou Timber Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Shuimojiangnan New Material Technology Co., Ltd.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Countervailing Duty Proceedings</p> <p>THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Cells, Whether or Not Assembled Into Modules, C-570-980</p> <p>Baoding Jiasheng Photovoltaic Technology Co., Ltd. Baoding Tianwei Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Beijing Tianneng Yingli New Energy Resources Co. Ltd. BYD (Shangluo) Industrial Co., Ltd. Canadian Solar (USA), Inc. Canadian Solar International Limited. Canadian Solar Manufacturing (Changshu) Inc. Canadian Solar Manufacturing (Luoyang) Inc. Canadian Solar, Inc. Changzhou NESL Solartech Co., Ltd. Changzhou Trina Solar Energy Co., Ltd. CSG PVTech Co., Ltd. DelSolar Co., Ltd. Dongfang Electric (Yixing) MAGI Solar Power Technology Co., Ltd. Era Solar Co., Ltd. ET Solar Energy Limited. Hainan Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Hengdian Group DMEGC Magnetics Co., Ltd. Hengshui Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Himin Clean Energy Holdings Co., Ltd. Innovosolar. JA Solar Technology Yanzhou Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Green Power PV Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Sunlink PV Technology Co., Ltd. Jiawei Solarchina Co., Ltd. JingAO Solar Co., Ltd. Jiawei Solarchina Co., Ltd. Jinko Solar Co., Ltd. Jinko Solar Import and Export Co, Ltd. JinkoSolar International Limited. Konca Solar Cell Co., Ltd. Kuttler Automation Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. LDK Solar Hi-Tech (Nanchang) Co., Ltd. LDK Solar Hi-Tech (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Leye Photovoltaic Science Tech. Lightway Green New Energy Co., Ltd. Lixian Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Luoyang Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Magi Solar Technology. Motech (Suzhou) Renewable Energy Co., Ltd. Ningbo ETDZ Holdings, Ltd. Ningbo Qixin Solar Electrical Appliance Co., Ltd. Ningbo Ulica Solar Science & Technology Co., Ltd. Perlight Solar Co., Ltd. ReneSola Jiangsu Ltd. Renesola Zhejiang Ltd. Shanghai BYD Co. Ltd. Shanghai JA Solar Technology Co., Ltd. Shenglong PV-Tech. Shenzhen Suntech Power Co., Ltd. ShunFeng PV. Solarbest Energy-Tech (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd. Sopray Energy Co., Ltd. Sumec Hardware & Tools Co., Ltd. Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Suzhou Shenglong PV-Tech Co., Ltd. tenKsolar (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. Tianjin Yingli New Energy Resources Co., Ltd. Tianwei New Energy (Chengdu) PV Module Co., Ltd. Trina Solar (Changzhou) Science & Technology Co., Ltd. Upsolar Group, Co. Ltd. Wanxiang Import & Export Co., Ltd. Wuxi Sunshine Power Co., Ltd. Wuxi Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Yangzhou Rietech Renewal Energy Co., Ltd. Yangzhou Suntech Power Co., Ltd. Yingli Energy (China) Co., Limited. Yingli Green Energy Americas, Inc. Yingli Green Energy Holding Co., Ltd.</p>	<p>1/1/13-12/31/13</p>

	Period to be reviewed
Yingli Green Energy International Trade Company Limited. Zhejiang Jiutai New Energy Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Shuqimeng Photovoltaic Technology Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Xinshun Guangfu Science and Technology Co., Ltd. Zhejiang ZG-Cells Co., Ltd. Zhenjiang Rietech New Energy Science & Technology Co., Ltd. Zhiheng Solar Inc.	
THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA: Multilayered Wood Flooring, C-570-971 A&W (Shanghai) Woods Co., Ltd. Anhui Longhua Bamboo Product Co., Ltd. Anhui Suzhou Dongda Wood Co., Ltd. Armstrong Wood Products (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Baishan Huafeng Wood Product Co., Ltd. Baiying Furniture Manufacturer Co., Ltd. Baroque Timber Industries (Zhongshan) Co., Ltd. Benxi Wood Company. Changbai Mountain Development and Protection Zone Hongtu Wood Industrial Co., Ltd. Changzhou Haud Flooring Co., Ltd. Cheng Hang Wood Co., Ltd. Chinafloors Timber (China) Co., Ltd. Dalian Dajen Wood Co., Ltd. Dalian Huade Wood Product Co., Ltd. Dalian Huilong Wooden Products Co., Ltd. Dalian Jiuyuan Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dalian Kemian Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dalian Penghong Floor Products Co., Ltd. Dalian Shumaiké Floor Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Dalian Xinjinghua Wood Co., Ltd. Dasso Industrial Group Co., Ltd. Dazhuang Floor Co. (dba Dasso Industrial Group Co., Ltd). Dongtai Fuan Universal Dynamics LLC. Dongtai Fuan Universal Dynamics, LLC. Dun Hua City Jisen Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dun Hua Sen Tai Wood Co., Ltd. Dunhua City Dexin Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dunhua City Hongyuan Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dunhua City Wanrong Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dunhua Jisheng Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Dunhua Shengda Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Era Solar Co., Ltd. Fine Furniture (Shanghai) Limited. Fu Lik Timber (HK) Co., Ltd. Fusong Jinlong Wooden Group Co., Ltd. Fusong Qianqiu Wooden Product Co., Ltd. GTP International Ltd. Guangdong Fu Lin Timber Technology Limited. Guangdong Yihua Timber Industry Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Homebon Timber Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Panyu Kangda Board Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Panyu Shatou Trading Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Panyu Southern Star Co., Ltd. HaiLin LinJing Wooden Products, Ltd. HaiLin XinCheng Wooden Products, Ltd. Hangzhou Dazhuang Floor Co., Ltd (dba Dasso Industrial Group Co., Ltd). Hangzhou Hanje Tec Co., Ltd. Hangzhou Zhengtian Industrial Co., Ltd. Henan Xingwangjia Technology Co., Ltd. Hunchun Forest Wolf Wooden Industry Co., Ltd. Hunchun Xingjia Wooden Flooring Inc. Huzhou Chenghang Wood Co., Ltd. Huzhou Fulinmen Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd. Huzhou Fuma Wood Co., Ltd. Huzhou Jesonwood Co., Ltd. Huzhou Ruifeng Imp. & Exp. Co., Ltd. Huzhou Sunergy World Trade Co., Ltd. Jiafeng Wood (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Guyu International Trading Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Mingle Flooring Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Senmao Bamboo and Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Simba Flooring Co., Ltd. Jiangsu Yuhui International Trade Co., Ltd. Jiashan HuiJiaLe Decoration Material Co., Ltd. Jiaxing Hengtong Wood Co., Ltd Co., Ltd. Jilin Forest Industry Jinqiao Flooring Group Co., Ltd.	1/1/13-12/31/13

	Period to be reviewed
<p>Jilin Xinyuan Wooden Industry Co., Ltd. Karly Wood Product Limited. Kemian Wood Industry (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. Linyi Anying Wood Co., Ltd. Linyi Bonn Flooring Manufacturing Co., Ltd. Linyi Youyou Wood Co., Ltd. Mudanjiang Bosen Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Nakahiro Jyou Sei Furniture (Dalian) Co., Ltd. Nanjing Minglin Wooden Industry Co., Ltd. Ningbo Qixin Solar Electrical Appliance Co., Ltd. Ningbo Tianyi Bamboo & Wood Products Co., Ltd. Pinge Timber Manufacturing (Zhejiang) Co., Ltd. Power Dekor Group Co., Ltd. Puli Trading Limited. Qingdao Barry Flooring Co., Ltd. Riverside Plywood Corporation. Samling Riverside Co., Ltd. Shanghai Anxin (Weiguang) Timber Co., Ltd. Shanghai Eswell Timber Co., Ltd. Shanghai Lairunde Wood Co., Ltd. Shanghai Lizhong Wood Products Co., Ltd./The Lizhong Wood Industry Limited Company of Shanghai/(also known as Lizhong Wood Industry Limited Company of Shanghai). Shanghai New Sihe Wood Co., Ltd. Shanghai Shenlin Corporation. Shenyang Haobainian Wooden Co., Ltd. Shenyang Senwang Wooden Industry Co., Ltd. Shenzhenshi Huanwei woods Co., Ltd. Sino-Maple (JiangSu) Co., Ltd. Suzhou Anxin Weiguang Timber Co., Ltd. Suzhou Dongda Wood Co., Ltd. Tongxiang Jisheng Import and Export Co., Ltd. Vicwood Industry (Suzhou) Co. Ltd. Xiamen Yung De Ornament Co., Ltd. Xuzhou Antop International Trade Co., Ltd. Xuzhou Shenghe Wood Co., Ltd. Yekalon Industry, Inc. Yingyi-Nature (Kunshan) Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Yixing Lion-King Timber Industry. Yixing Lion-King Timber Industry Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Anji Xinfeng Bamboo and Wood Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Biyork Wood Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Dadongwu Green Home Wood Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Desheng Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Fudeli Timber Industry Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Fuerjia Wooden Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Fuma Warm Technology Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Haoyun Wooden Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Jeson Wood Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Layo Wood Industry Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Longsen Lumbering Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Longsen Lumbering Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Shiyou Timber Co., Ltd. Zhejiang Shuimojiangnan. Zhejiang Tianzhen Bamboo & Wood Development Co., Ltd.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Suspension Agreements</p> <p>None.</p>	

Duty Absorption Reviews

During any administrative review covering all or part of a period falling between the first and second or third and fourth anniversary of the publication of an antidumping duty order under 19 CFR 351.211 or a determination under 19 CFR 351.218(f)(4) to continue an order or suspended investigation (after sunset review), the Secretary, if requested by a domestic interested party within 30 days of the date of publication of the

notice of initiation of the review, will determine, consistent with *FAG Italia v. United States*, 291 F.3d 806 (Fed Cir. 2002), as appropriate, whether antidumping duties have been absorbed by an exporter or producer subject to the review if the subject merchandise is sold in the United States through an importer that is affiliated with such exporter or producer. The request must include the name(s) of the exporter or producer for which the inquiry is requested.

Gap Period Liquidation

For the first administrative review of any order, there will be no assessment of antidumping or countervailing duties on entries of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption during the relevant provisional-measures "gap" period, of the order, if such a gap period is applicable to the POR.

Administrative Protective Orders and Letters of Appearance

Interested parties must submit applications for disclosure under administrative protective orders in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305. On January 22, 2008, the Department published *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Documents Submission Procedures; APO Procedures*, 73 FR 3634 (January 22, 2008). Those procedures apply to administrative reviews included in this notice of initiation. Parties wishing to participate in any of these administrative reviews should ensure that they meet the requirements of these procedures (e.g., the filing of separate letters of appearance as discussed at 19 CFR 351.103(d)).

Revised Factual Information Requirements

On April 10, 2013, the Department published *Definition of Factual Information and Time Limits for Submission of Factual Information: Final Rule*, 78 FR 21246 (April 10, 2013), which modified two regulations related to antidumping and countervailing duty proceedings: The definition of factual information (19 CFR 351.102(b)(21)), and the time limits for the submission of factual information (19 CFR 351.301). The final rule identifies five categories of factual information in 19 CFR 351.102(b)(21), which are summarized as follows: (i) Evidence submitted in response to questionnaires; (ii) evidence submitted in support of allegations; (iii) publicly available information to value factors under 19 CFR 351.408(c) or to measure the adequacy of remuneration under 19 CFR 351.511(a)(2); (iv) evidence placed on the record by the Department; and (v) evidence other than factual information described in (i)–(iv). The final rule requires any party, when submitting factual information, to specify under which subsection of 19 CFR 351.102(b)(21) the information is being submitted and, if the information is submitted to rebut, clarify, or correct factual information already on the record, to provide an explanation identifying the information already on the record that the factual information seeks to rebut, clarify, or correct. The final rule also modified 19 CFR 351.301 so that, rather than providing general time limits, there are specific time limits based on the type of factual information being submitted. These modifications are effective for all segments initiated on or after May 10, 2013. Please review the final rule, available at [http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/2013/](http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/2013/1304frn/2013-08227.txt)

[1304frn/2013-08227.txt](http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/2013/1304frn/2013-08227.txt), prior to submitting factual information in this segment.

Any party submitting factual information in an antidumping duty or countervailing duty proceeding must certify to the accuracy and completeness of that information.⁴ Parties are hereby reminded that revised certification requirements are in effect for company/government officials as well as their representatives. All segments of any antidumping duty or countervailing duty proceedings initiated on or after August 16, 2013, should use the formats for the revised certifications provided at the end of the *Final Rule*.⁵ The Department intends to reject factual submissions in any proceeding segments if the submitting party does not comply with applicable revised certification requirements.

Revised Extension of Time Limits Regulation

On September 20, 2013, the Department modified its regulation concerning the extension of time limits for submissions in antidumping and countervailing duty proceedings: *Final Rule*, 78 FR 57790 (September 20, 2013). The modification clarifies that parties may request an extension of time limits before a time limit established under Part 351 expires, or as otherwise specified by the Secretary. In general, an extension request will be considered untimely if it is filed after the time limit established under Part 351 expires. For submissions which are due from multiple parties simultaneously, an extension request will be considered untimely if it is filed after 10:00 a.m. on the due date. Examples include, but are not limited to: (1) Case and rebuttal briefs, filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.309; (2) factual information to value factors under 19 CFR 351.408(c), or to measure the adequacy of remuneration under 19 CFR 351.511(a)(2), filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(3) and rebuttal, clarification and correction filed pursuant to 19 CFR 351.301(c)(3)(iv); (3) comments concerning the selection of a surrogate country and surrogate values and rebuttal; (4) comments concerning U.S. Customs and Border Protection data; and (5) quantity and value questionnaires. Under certain circumstances, the Department may elect to specify a different time limit by

⁴ See section 782(b) of the Act.

⁵ See *Certification of Factual Information To Import Administration During Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings*, 78 FR 42678 (July 17, 2013) (“*Final Rule*”); see also the frequently asked questions regarding the *Final Rule*, available at http://enforcement.trade.gov/lei/notices/factual_info_final_rule_FAQ_07172013.pdf.

which extension requests will be considered untimely for submissions which are due from multiple parties simultaneously. In such a case, the Department will inform parties in the letter or memorandum setting forth the deadline (including a specified time) by which extension requests must be filed to be considered timely. This modification also requires that an extension request must be made in a separate, stand-alone submission, and clarifies the circumstances under which the Department will grant untimely-filed requests for the extension of time limits. These modifications are effective for all segments initiated on or after October 21, 2013. Please review the final rule, available at <http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2013-09-20/html/2013-22853.htm>, prior to submitting factual information in these segments.

These initiations and this notice are in accordance with section 751(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1675(a)) and 19 CFR 351.221(c)(1)(i).

Dated: January 29, 2015.

Christian Marsh,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–939]

Certain Lawn Groomers and Certain Parts Thereof From the People’s Republic of China: Continuation of Antidumping Duty Order

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the Department of Commerce (the “Department”) and the International Trade Commission (the “ITC”) that revocation of the antidumping duty order on certain lawn groomers and certain parts thereof (“lawn groomers”) from the People’s Republic of China (“PRC”) would likely lead to a continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, the Department is publishing a notice of continuation of the antidumping duty order.

DATES: *Effective Date:* February 4, 2015.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lilit Astvatsatrian, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th